1/5

## Brief information about organic labeling according to Reg. (EC) 834/07, **NOP and JAS**

1.	Introduction	1
2.	Overview of requirements for wholesale labels (non-retail containers):	1
3.	Overview of requirements for retail labels (consumer packages)	1
	The certifier code number for the European Union	
	Examples EU retail labeling	
	Some additional specific instructions for EU (equivalent) labels	
	Examples NOP retail labeling	
	The JAS certification number	5

**Brief Information Organic Labelling** 

#### 1. Introduction

The present document provides an overview of labeling requirements for organic products, addressing especially the EU organic logo introduced in 2010. For further information on labels for different multi-ingredient products, please also see our Brief Info on NOP (CERES document 3.2.10). For more information on the use of the CERES seal, please see the annex to our certification contract (document 7.2.1.1).

## 2. Overview of requirements for wholesale labels (non-retail containers):

	Reg. EC 834/07	NOP	JAS		
Mandatory The label must ensure traceability and allow to identify the entity responsibl (producer or trader)			tity responsible for the product		
	<ul><li>Certifier code number (see below)</li><li>Refer to "organic"</li></ul>	It is highly recommended to identify the product as "organic"	<ul> <li>Organic JAS mark, certificate number (see below)</li> <li>Refer to term "organic" or "in conversion"</li> </ul>		
Optional	EU organic logo and certifier logo	USDA logo, certifier logo, certifier name	No provisions		

## 3. Overview of requirements for retail labels (consumer packages)

	Reg. EC 834/07	NOP	JAS	
Official logo		USDA ORGANIC ORGANIC	JAS CERES 49471	
Design details	Defined in Reg. (EC) 271/2010	Defined in §205.311	Not. 920 (2021)	
Download	E.g. at <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/organic/eu-policy/logo_en">http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/organic/eu-policy/logo_en</a> (different languages; you also find Reg. (EC) 271/2010 there).	https://www.ams.usda.gov/rules- regulations/organic/organic-seal	(Will be provided by the certifier once the company has achieved certification)	
Mandatory	For organic food produced <u>inside</u> the EU, use of the seal is compulsory.	USDA seal not mandatory	JAS seal man- datory	
Optional	For organic food produced <u>outside</u> the EU, use of the seal is voluntary	Voluntary on "100 % Organic" and "Organic" products	No provisions	
Not allowed  • For products "in conversion" • For products which may refer to organic only in the ingredient list • For wine "made from organic grapes"		<ul> <li>For products "made with organic ingredients"</li> <li>For products which may refer to organic only in the ingredient list</li> </ul>	For products with less than 95 % organic in- gredients	
National, certi- Allowed		(National logos are not applicable)		
fier and other private logos		Certifier and other private logos are allowed, but must not be more prominent than USDA logo	Certifier and private logos are allowed	

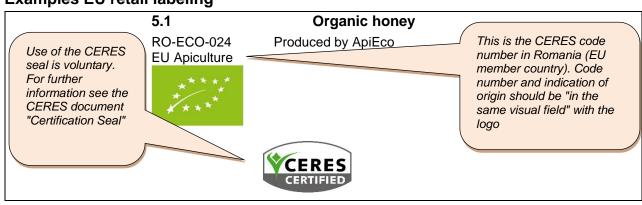
	Reg. EC 834/07	NOP	JAS
Certifier identi- fication	The certifier code number must be indicated (see Sections 4 and 5 below)	The certifier name must be mentioned. It must be placed below the producer or handler name, using the words "Certified organic by" (See Section 6)	(Is assured through the JAS organic seal)
Other mandatory information	The company which is responsible for  If the EU logo is used: An indication of origin: "EU Agriculture", "Non-EU Agriculture", or combined "EU / non-EU Agriculture". If the product is from one single country, the country name can be used instead. (See examples below)  For multi-ingredient products: Identification	JAS C     (is included in section of se	ertification number uded into JAS logo, S logo on certificate) ation about product ingredients, organic etc. must be written these (please verify our Japanese per and with CERES)

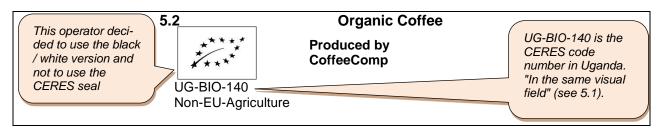
## 4. The certifier code number for the European Union

The following table should make clear which Code numbers are to be used:

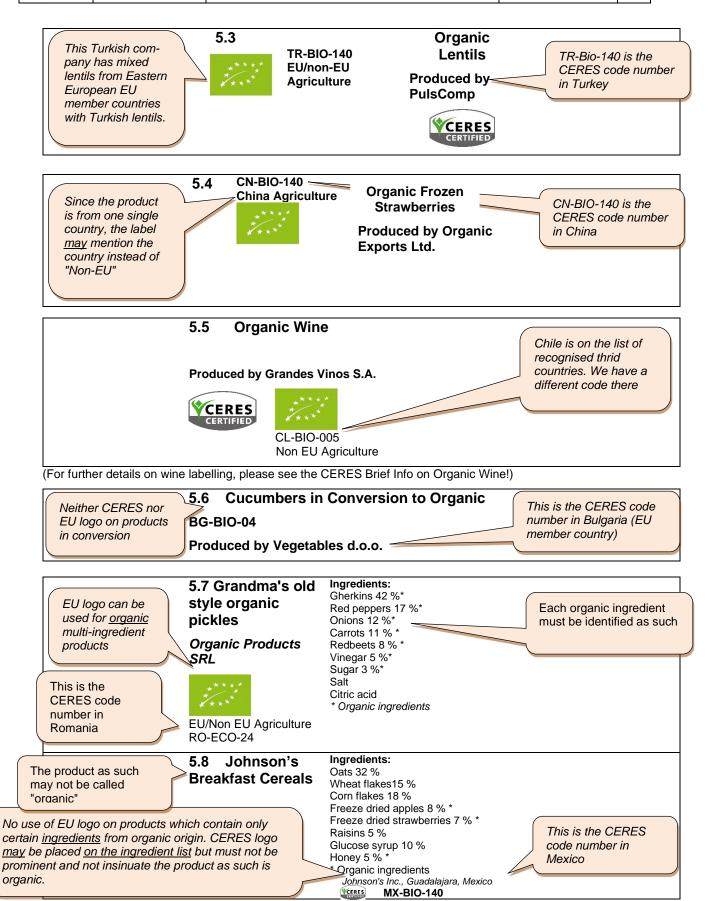
Countries / Conditions	Code Numbers are assigned by	Details / Examples
EU member countries	Competent national authorities	RO-ECO-24 for CERES in Romania, BG-BIO-04 for CERES in Bulgaria
Non member countries for which CERES <b>is listed</b> by the European Commission (Reg. EC 1235/2008, Annex IV)	European Commission	XY-BIO-140 ("XY" must be replaced by the official ISO abbreviation for the respective country. For example: Clients certified organic in China use CN-BIO-140, in Ethiopia ET-BIO-140, in Mexico MX-BIO 140)
Non member countries, which are approved by the EU Commission as "equivalent" (Reg. EC 1235/2008, Annex III)	Competent national authorities	CL-BIO-005; US-ORG-62 (for Chile and the USA, which have an "equivalent" control system, CERES is approved by the national authorities)

## 5. Examples EU retail labeling









(For further details on multi-ingredient product labelling, please see the CERES Brief Info on Reg. EC 834/07!)

CERES

## Some additional specific instructions for EU (equivalent) labels

The certifier code number must be the one for the entity responsible of the last physical handling of the product. "Last physical handling" can also be the labeling itself. But if e.g. the final seller is a trader who does not make any changes to the product, then the last processor's certifier code must appear on the label, not the trader's certifier code. This rule applies to both retail and wholesale labels. If e.g. the product is packed in the final retail packages provided by the distributor inside the EU - still the code number of the "last operator" who physically handles the product must be on the label. It is allowed, however, to also place the CB code of the importer or distributor inside the EU.

Producer	Last processor	Exporter (last owner)	CB Code
			EC-BIO-140 (CERES in Ecuador)
Certified by CERES	Certified by CERES	Certified by CB X	
Vineyard	Winery	The winery exports the	ZA-BIO-XXX
		wine itself	(CB X in South Africa)
		Nondy Can	
Certified by CERES	Certified by CB X		

## 7. Examples NOP retail labeling

Use of the USDA and CERES seal is voluntary. For further information regarding CERES seal, see the document "Certification Seal"



7.1 100 % organic honey

> Produced by ApiEco Certified organic by CERES



Honey, if not further processed, can be labeled as "100% organic"

> Statement "Certified organic by..." must be placed under producer, processor or distributor

> > Since the apple juice in this example is produced with the help of enzymes, it is only "organic", not "100% organic"

This company has decided to use the black / white version of the USDA seal and not to use the certifier seal.



7.2 Organic apple juice

> Produced by Organic Juices Ltd.

> Certified organic by CERES

No use of USDA logo on products which are only "made with", not fully organic

7.3 Wine made with organic grapes Produced by Grandes Vinos S.A.

Certified organic by CERES GmbH

CERES

(For further details regarding wine and different labelling categories under NOP, please see the CERES Brief Infos about organic wine and NOP!)



3.2.24en Inf

# 7.4 Grandma's old style organic pickles

Productos Ecológicos S.A.

Certified organic by CERES

USDA ORGANIC Ingredients:

Gherkins 42 %\* Red peppers 17 %\* Onions 12 %\*

Carrots 11 % \* Redbeets 8 % \* Vinegar 5 %\*

Sugar 3 %\* Salt

Citric acid
\* Organic ingredients

Each organic ingredient must be identified as such

No use of NOP logo on products "made with" organic ingredients. CERES logo may be placed on the ingredient list but must not be prominent and not insinuate the product as such is organic.

NOP logo may

organic multi-

be used for

ingredient

products

7.5 Johnson's Breakfast Cereals made with 72% organic ingredients Ingredients: Cares
Oats 42 % \*
Wheat flakes 30 % \*
Honey 28 %
\* Organic ingredients

Johnson's Inc., Guadalajara, Mexico
Certified organic by CERES

All organic ingredients must be identified as such. Minimum 70% organic ingredients for products labeled as "made with". Maximum three different agricultural ingredients (or groups of ingredients) on the label of such products

## 8. The JAS certification number

Both wholesale and retail products must carry not only the JAS seal, but also a JAS certification number. This number can be found under JAS logo on your certificate.

#### **Organic Green Tea**

China's Pride Best Natural Teas



49741

This is the JAS certification number assigned by CERES to this tea factory. This number will be used continuously once it is assigned and it is different from the certificate number (CO-xxxxxx) which will change every year.